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APPLICATION NO.	F	ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/692,967	10/24/2003		Renne Cano	321-001	1848
33354	7590	02/08/2005		EXAMINER	
SANDRA I			FERGUSON, MICHAEL P		
ETHERTON LAW GROUP, LLC PO BOX 27843				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
TEMPE, AZ	TEMPE, AZ 85285-7843			3679	
				DATE MAILED: 02/08/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	10/692,967	CANO ET AL.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Michael P. Ferguson	3679					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).							
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 31 Ja	<u>anuary 2005</u> .	•					
, 	action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition of Claims							
 4) Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-20 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o 	wn from consideration.						
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>06 April 2004</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex		• •					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document: 2. Certified copies of the priority document: 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document: application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Application rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No d in this National Stage					
Attachment(s)		\					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary (Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa						

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 2. Claims 1-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Romberg (US 3,845,804).

As to claim 1, Romberg discloses a barrier system comprising:

- a) means 30 for cutting objects attempting to penetrate an opening; and
- b) means **32,36** for connecting the means for cutting in order to form a substantially planar barrier wherein the substantially planar barrier is operable in the plane between an extended condition (wire gate **20** closed) whereby the planar barrier substantially covers the opening and a retracted condition (wire gate **20** open) whereby the planar barrier does not substantially cover the opening (Figure 1).

As to claim 2, Romberg discloses a system comprising means **32** for separating the means **30** for cutting from its surroundings, so as to prevent accidental cutting of proximately moving objects (moving between wire strands **30**; Figure 1).

As to claim 3, Romberg discloses a system wherein the means **32** for separating is transparent (one can see through the openings in wire stays **32**; Figure 1).

As to claim 4, Romberg discloses a system wherein the barrier is substantially rectangular (Figure 1).

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As to claim 5, Romberg discloses a system comprising means **42** for retracting the substantially planar barrier (Figure 1).

As to claim 6, Romberg discloses a system comprising means **82,116** for compartmentalizing the means **42** for retracting (Figure 1).

As to claim 7, Romberg discloses a system in which the means **32,36** for connecting are such that the barrier is expandable and compressible (Figure 1).

As to claim 8, Romberg discloses a system wherein the means **30** for cutting comprises barbed tape (Figure 1).

As to claim 9, Romberg discloses a system wherein the means **30** for cutting comprises barbed wire (Figure 1).

As to claim 10, Romberg discloses a barrier system comprising:

- a) a plurality of cutters 30 connected to one another to form strips; and
- b) a plurality of strips connected to each other to form a substantially planar barrier capable of covering an opening, wherein the substantially planar barrier is operable in the plane between an extended condition (wire gate **20** closed) whereby the planar barrier substantially covers the opening and a retracted condition (wire gate **20** open) whereby the planar barrier does not substantially cover the opening (Figure 1).

As to claim 11, Romberg discloses a system comprising a separator **32** to separate the plurality of cutters **30** from their surroundings, so as to prevent accidental cutting of proximately moving objects (moving between wire strands **30**; Figure 1).

As to claim 12, Romberg discloses a system wherein a separator **32** is transparent (one can see through openings in wire stays **32**; Figure 1).

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As to claim 13, Romberg discloses a system wherein the barrier is substantially rectangular (Figure 1).

As to claim 14, Romberg discloses a system comprising a retractor **42** to retract the plurality of cutters **30** (Figure 1).

As to claim 15, Romberg discloses a system comprising a compartment **96,116** to compartmentalize a retractor **42** (Figure 1).

As to claim 16, Romberg discloses a system in which the plurality of strips **30** are connected such that the barrier is expandable and compressible (Figure 1).

As to claim 17, Romberg discloses a system wherein the plurality of cutters 30 comprises barbed tape (Figure 1).

As to claim 18, Romberg discloses a system wherein the barbed tape **30** comprises retainer barbs (Figure 1).

As to claim 19, Romberg discloses a system wherein the plurality of cutters 30 comprises barbed wire (Figure 1).

As to claim 20, Romberg discloses a method of making a barrier system comprising the process of connecting a plurality of strips 30 of barbed tape at spaced locations to form a barrier sheet that is substantially planar and capable of covering an opening, wherein the substantially planar barrier is operable in the plane between an extended condition (wire gate 20 closed) whereby the planar barrier substantially covers the opening and a retracted condition (wire gate 20 open) whereby the planar barrier does not substantially cover the opening (Figure 1).

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3. Claims 1, 4, 7-10, 13 and 16-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Dobson (US 4,666,129).

As to claim 1, Dobson discloses a barrier system comprising:

- a) means 12 for cutting objects attempting to penetrate an opening; and
- b) means 21 for connecting the means for cutting in order to form a substantially planar barrier wherein the substantially planar barrier is operable in the plane between an extended condition (tape barrier 11 installed) whereby the planar barrier substantially covers the opening and a retracted condition (tape barrier 11 not installed) whereby the planar barrier does not substantially cover the opening (Figures 1, 3 and 7).

As to claim 4, Dobson discloses a system wherein the barrier is substantially rectangular (Figure 7).

As to claim 7, Dobson discloses a system in which the means for connecting **21** are such that the barrier is expandable and compressible (Figure 7).

As to claim 8, Dobson discloses a system wherein the means **12** for cutting comprises barbed tape (Figure 1).

As to claim 9, Dobson discloses a system wherein the means **12** for cutting comprises barbed wire (Figure 7).

As to claim 10, Dobson discloses a barrier system comprising:

- a) a plurality of cutters 12 connected to one another to form strips; and
- b) a plurality of strips connected to each other to form a substantially planar barrier capable of covering an opening, wherein the substantially planar barrier is operable in the plane between an extended condition (tape barrier 11 installed) whereby

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the planar barrier substantially covers the opening and a retracted condition (tape barrier 11 not installed) whereby the planar barrier does not substantially cover the opening (Figure 1 and 7).

As to claim 13, Dobson discloses a system wherein the barrier is substantially rectangular (Figure 7).

As to claim 16, Dobson discloses a system in which the plurality of strips **12** are connected such that the barrier is expandable and compressible (Figure 7).

As to claim 17, Dobson discloses a system wherein the plurality of cutters 12 comprises barbed tape (Figure 1).

As to claim 18, Dobson discloses a system wherein the barbed tape **12** comprises retainer barbs (Figure 1).

As to claim 19, Dobson discloses a system wherein the plurality of cutters **12** comprises barbed wire (Figure 1).

As to claim 20, Dobson discloses a method of making a barrier system comprising the process of connecting a plurality of strips 12 of barbed tape at spaced locations to form a barrier sheet that is substantially planar and capable of covering an opening, wherein the substantially planar barrier is operable in the plane between an extended condition (tape barrier 11 installed) whereby the planar barrier substantially covers the opening and a retracted condition (tape barrier 11 not installed) whereby the planar barrier does not substantially cover the opening (Figures 1 and 7).

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Response to Arguments

4. Applicant's arguments filed January 31, 2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

As to claims 1, 10 and 20, Attorney argues that:

Romberg does not disclose a barrier system comprising a substantially planar barrier capable of covering an opening, wherein the substantially planar barrier is operable in the plane between an extended condition whereby the planar barrier substantially covers the opening and a retracted condition whereby the planar barrier does not substantially cover the opening.

Examiner disagrees. As to claims 1, 10 and 20, Romberg discloses a barrier system comprising a substantially planar barrier capable of covering an opening, wherein the substantially planar barrier is operable in the plane between an extended condition (wire gate 20 closed) whereby the planar barrier substantially covers the opening and a retracted condition (wire gate 20 open) whereby the planar barrier does not substantially cover the opening (Figure 1).

As to claims 1, 10 and 20, Attorney argues that:

Dobson does not disclose a barrier system comprising a substantially planar barrier capable of covering an opening, wherein the substantially planar barrier is operable in the plane between an extended condition whereby the planar barrier substantially covers the opening and a retracted condition whereby the planar barrier does not substantially cover the opening.

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Examiner disagrees. As to claims 1, 10 and 20, Dobson discloses a barrier system comprising a substantially planar barrier capable of covering an opening, wherein the substantially planar barrier is operable in the plane between an extended condition (tape barrier 11 installed) whereby the planar barrier substantially covers the opening and a retracted condition (tape barrier 11 not installed) whereby the planar barrier does not substantially cover the opening (Figure 7).

Conclusion

5. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michael P. Ferguson whose telephone number is (703)308-8591. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (7:30-4:30).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Daniel P. Stodola can be reached on (703)308-2686. The fax phone

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number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

MPF

02/04/05

DANIEL P. STODOLA SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 3606

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